WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. A method of depositing a low resistivity tungsten film onto a wafer comprising the steps of :
- 5 (a) introducing a metalorganic tungstencontaining compound into a deposition chamber of a CVD apparatus;
 - (b) maintaining the deposition chamber at a pressure and the wafer at a temperature suitable for the high pressure chemical vapor deposition of the tungsten film onto the wafer;
 - (c) thermally decomposing the tungstencontaining compound in the deposition chamber; and
 - (d) vapor-depositing the tungsten film onto the wafer thereby forming a low-resistivity tungsten film.
 - 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the introduction of the metalorganic tungsten-containing compound into the deposition chamber of a CVD apparatus comprises the steps of:
 - (a) subliming the metalorganic tungsten-containing compound to a gaseous phase;
 - (b) stabilizing the flow of the tungsten-containing gas;
- (c) mixing the tungsten-containing gas with a carrier 25 gas; and
 - (d) flowing the tungsten-containing/carrier gas mixture to the deposition chamber.

- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the sublimation occurs at about 75 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- 5 4. The method of claim 2, wherein the carrier gas is argon, helium or nitrogen.
 - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the metalorganic tungsten-containing compound is a Wx(CO)y compound

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- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the compound is tungsten hexacarbonyl.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the chamber pressure is from about 0.1 Torr to about 20 Torr.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the wafer temperature is from about 200 °C to about 500 °C.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the resistivity of the tungsten film is less than about 30 micro-ohm centimeter.

	10.	The method	of claim	9, wherei	n the resi	stivity	o f
the	tungsten film	is from abou	ut 10 micr	ro-ohm ce	entimeters	to abo	ut
20	micro-ohm o	entimeters.					

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- 11. A method of depositing a low resistivity tungsten film onto a wafer comprising the steps of:
- (a) subliming the metalorganic tungsten-containing compound to a gaseous phase;
 - (b) stabilizing the flow of the tungsten-containing gas;
- (c) mixing the tungsten-containing gas with a carrier gas;
- (d) flowing the tungsten-containing/carrier gas mixture to the deposition chamber
- (e) maintaining the deposition chamber at a pressure and the wafer at a temperature suitable for the high pressure chemical vapor deposition of the tungsten film onto the wafer; and
- (f) thermally decomposing the tungstencontaining compound in the deposition chamber; and
- (g) vapor-depositing the tungsten film onto the wafer thereby forming a low-resistivity tungsten film.
- 25 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the sublimation occurs at about 75 °C.

- 13. The method of claim 11, wherein the carrier gas is argon, helium or nitrogen.
- 5 14. The method of claim 11, wherein the metalorganic tungsten-containing compound is a Wx(CO)y compound
 - 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the compound is tungsten hexacarbonyl.

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- 16. The method of claim 11, wherein the chamber pressure is from about 0.1 Torr to about 20 Torr.
- 17. The method of claim 11, wherein the wafer temperature is from about 200 °C to about 500 °C.
- 18. The method of claim 11, wherein the resistivity of the tungsten film is less than about 30 micro-ohm centimeter.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the resistivity of the tungsten film is from about 10 micro-ohm centimeters to about 20 micro-ohm centimeters.

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- 20. A method of depositing a low resistivity tungsten film onto a wafer comprising the steps of :
- (a) subliming tungsten hexacarbonyl to a gaseous phase at about 75 $^{\circ}$ C;
- 5 (b) stabilizing the flow of the tungsten hexacarbonyl gas;
 - (c) mixing the tungsten hexacarbonyl gas with a carrier gas;
 - (d) flowing the tungsten hexacarbonyl/carrier gas mixture into a deposition chamber of a CVD apparatus;
 - (e) maintaining the deposition chamber at a pressure from about 0.1 Torr to about 20 Torr and the wafer at a temperature from 200 °C to about 500 °C wherein these conditions are suitable for the high pressure chemical vapor deposition of the tungsten film onto the wafer;
 - (f) thermally decomposing the tungsten hexacarbonyl gas in the deposition chamber; and
 - (g) vapor-depositing the tungsten film onto the wafer thereby forming a low-resistivity tungsten film.
 - 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the carrier gas is argon, helium or nitrogen.
 - 22. The method of claim 20, wherein the resistivity of the tungsten film is less than about 30 micro-ohm centimeter.

23. The method of claim 22, wherein the resistivity of the tungsten film is from about 10 micro-ohm centimeters to about 20 micro-ohm centimeters.

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24. A low-resistivity tungsten film formed by the method of claim 1.